By virtue of a certified copy of a decree me directed from the clerk of the Su-erior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in ause No. 51972, wherein the Wayne nternational Building and Loan Associa-ion is plaintiff and Frank F. Hussey et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of fourteen hundred and thirty dollars and fifty-five cents (\$1,430.55), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder,

SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF APRIL,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and O'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Twenty (20) feet off the east side of lot sixty-nine (69), and ten (10) feet off the west side of lot seventy (70), in Wilcox's second addition to the city of Indianapolis.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

ALBERT A. WOMACK,

Sheriff of Marion County.

lorgan & Morgan, Attorneys for Plaintiff

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 48626, wherein Leander A. Fulmer et al. are plaintiffs and Charles H. Gilliland et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of sixteen dollars and twenty cents (\$16.20), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF APRIL

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the deor of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Sixty-four (64) feet off the west end of lot twenty-nine (29), in square eleven (11), in S. A. Fletcher, jr.'s northeast addition to the city of Indianapolis.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief
from valuation or appraisement laws.

ALBERT A. WOMACK,
Sheriff of Marion County.

ord, Browder & Moffltt, Attorneys for

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree me directed from the clerk of the Su-rior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in R. Newsom et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sums of money in said decree provided, and in manner and form as therein provided, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF APRIL,

etween the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the ourthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the ents and profits for a term not exceeding even years, of the following real estate in arion county, Indiana: Lot numbered one indred and eighteen (118), in Milligan's rook Park addition to the city of Indian-

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

ALBERT A. WOMACK,

Sheriff of Marion County. Sheriff of Marion County.

D. A. Myers, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Su-perior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 51552, wherein the Mechanics' Murual Savings and Loan Association No. 1 is plaintiff and Clara Kies et al. is defendant, requiring me to make the sum of seven hundred and sixty-two dollars and forty-one cents (\$762.41), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF APRIL,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceed-ing seven years, of the following real estate in Marion courty, Indiana: Lots one (1) and two (2), in square seventeen (17), in Sang-ster, Harrison & Co.'s Oak Hill addition to the city of Indianapolis. such rents and profits will not sell for ufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with

interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.
ALBERT A. WOMACK,
Sheriff of Marion County.

March 21, 1896. Lamb, Hill & Dye, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 52115, wherein New Merrill Saving and Loan Association is plaintiff and William Luft et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of eleven hundred and sixty-five dollars and eighty-four cents (\$1,165.84). five dollars and eighty-four cents (\$1,165.84), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF APRIL, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding

rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Lot number sixty (60), in Mariette Park, an addition to the city of Indianapolls, according to the plat thereof recorded in Plat Book 10, on page 39, in the Marion county recorder's office.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

ALBERT A. WOMACK, Sheriff of Marion County.

March 28, 1896.

March 28, 1896. F. J. Reinhard, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 48980, wherein William Bosson is plain-tiff and George K. Schofield et al. are de-fendants, requiring me to make the sum of one hundred and sixty-two dollars and sev-enty-nine cents (\$162.79), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder,

SATURDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF APRIL between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in

Marion county, Indiana:

Lot number three (3), in William Bosson's subdivision of lots number sixteen (16), seventeen (17), eighteen (18), nineteen (19), twenty (20), twenty-one (21) and twenty-two (22), in block one (1), in W. A. Rhodes's North Illinois-street addition to the city of Indianap-

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with sterest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.
ALBERT A. WOMACK,
Sheriff of Marion county.

ason & Latta, Attorneys for Plaintiff

Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company. PITTSBURG, Pa., March 12, 1896

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Rallway Company will be held at the principal office of said company, Penn avenue and Tenth street, Pittsburg, Pa., on TUESDAY, APRIL 14, 1896, at 11 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of clock a. m., for the purpose of re-the annual report for 1895, the elec-three directors to succeed a like numdate, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the

The transfer books will be closed on Tuesday, March 31, and reopened on Wednesday, pril 15, 1896.

8. B. LIGGETT,

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 51577, wherein Quirin Schafer is plaintiff and Louisa Lentz is defendant, requiring me to make the sum of twenty-five dollars and fifty cents (\$25.50), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF APRIL,

at Crown Hill.

WANTED-MALE HELP.

WANTED-An experienced mill foreman, car shops. Must know all about keeping up machinery and laying out car work. State experience and reference. Good wages to right man. Address Lock Box 12, South-side Station, Kansas City, Kan.

WANTED—An experienced foreman for blacksmith and machine shop combined for car works. Must be a thorough me-chanic. State experience and reference. Good wages to right man. Address Lock Box 12, South-side Station, Kansas City,

WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED Trustworthy person to travel; salary, \$780 and expenses; reference; inclose self-addressed stamped envelope.

WANTED-Agents for the new book "Pearl

Bryan," or the Fort Thomas Tragedy. Great seller. Sample copy and terms 25 cents. BARCLAY & CO., 210 East Fourth

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED-Purchaser for farm of 4½ acres; 2½ miles west of Anderson courthouse; one-quarter acre of raspberries, blackberries, 300 gooseberry bushes, 50 of currants, 47 grape vines; young fruit trees; buildings new, with franchise on gas for lighting and heating; well sell low for each Address

heating; will sell low for cash. Address Lock Box 503, Anderson, Ind.

FINANCIAL.

LOANS—Sums of \$500 and over.
City property and farms.
C. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market

MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Low-

MONEY TO LOAN-On farms at the lowes

market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS

C. DAY & CO., 72 East Market street, In-

FOR SALE-HORSES AND VEHICLES.

FOR SALE-Second-hand cut-under surrey

FOR SALE-Eighty-five-dollar new bicycle; never been used; cash, \$45. Only one left. STURTEVANT'S, 68 South Pennsylvania.

FOR SALE-New traps, surreys, buggier

phaetons, delivery wagons, harness, whips STURTEVANT'S, 68 South Pennsylvania.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ANNOUNCEMENT-How to become lawful physicians. Course by mail. ILL HEALTH

ANNOUNCEMENT-Wall papers-I can supply you with any grade and newest designs in wall decorations and also best

of workmen at lowest prices. H. C. STEVENS, 496 North Senate avenue.

PERSONAL.

10,000 bushels of wheat if he knew how to go about it will write to C. F. VAN

WINKLE & CO., R. 63, 232 La Salle street,

Chicago, he will receive a copy of the book, "Speculation and How to Trade,"

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE— Well-established drug store; county seat, northern Indiana; invoice about \$2,500; terms cash. Address Lockbox 15, Krox, Ind.

FOR RENT-The new six-story and base-

ment iron, stone and plate glass, swel front building, handsomest, best lighted and located in the State—30x195 feet. Sever floors. Two electric elevators. 7 and

East Washington street. C. F. SAYLES.

MUSICAL-Italian method of singing; voices tested free. MISS SHEDD, When block.

COMMANDER OF/THE ARMY.

The President's Part in Criticising

Military Operations.

Benjamin Harrison in Ladies' Home Jour-

a large measure, left to the States the control of elections and the duty to protect their citizens from injuries to their persons

or property.

The Constitution declares that "the President shall be commander-in-chief of the

The President cannot declare war.' Congress must do that. But that this provision

of the Constitution, making him commander in-chief, was intended to confer upon the

that Congress has imposed, or attempted to impose, upon the power of the President to

Grant's Troublesome Soldier.

"Funny; how do you make it out funny?"
"Because it is just what the enemy says

UNIVERSITY, Chicago.

est rates, with partial payments. Address C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville,

SAYLES, 75 East Market street.

MANAGER, Box P. Chicago.

street, Cincinnati, O.

COMPANY, Cleveland, O.

street, Cincinnati, O.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Lot numbered twenty-nine (29), in block five (5), in Beaty's addition to the city of Indianapolis. twenty-nine (29), in block five (5), in Beaty's addition to the city of Indianapolis.

If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

ALBERT A. WOMACK, Sheriff of Marion County.

March 14, 1896.

Cropsey & Marshall, Attorneys for Plain-

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 50394, wherein Daniel M. Etchinson is plaintiff and Isaac S. Osborne et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sums of money in said decree provided, and in manner and form as therein provided, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale, to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 11TH DAY OF APRIL,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Lot number four hundred and seventy-six (476), in Stout's Indiana-avenue addition to the city of Indiana-avenue.

such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws

ALBERT A. WOMACK,
Sheriff of Marion County.

March 21, 1896. McBride & Denny, Attorneys for Plaintiff. PROCEEDINGS FOR SALE OF REAL

State of Indiana, Marion county, ss. In the Marion Circuit Court.

Joseph B. Kealing, executor of the last
will and testament of Sarah C. Reams, vs. William V. Wheeler and Margaret F. Clark.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Marion Circuit Court of Marion County, Indiana, the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of Sarah C. Reams, will offer for sale at private sale, for not less than the appraised value, at the office of Kealing & Hugg, 95 East Washington street, Indianapolis, at 16 o'clock a. m.. on Wednesday, the 8th day of April, 1896, and from day to day until sold, the following described real estate in the city of Indianapolis, in Marion county, Indiana:

Beginning at the southwest corner of lot four (4) and running thence north on the four (4) and running thence north on the west line of said lot eighty (80) feet, thence east, parallel with the south line of said lot, thirty-seven and one-half (37½) feet; thence south, parallel with the west line of said lot, eighty (80) feet to the south line of said lot, and thence west on the south line of said lot, thirty-seven and one-half (37½) feet, to the place of beginning, being eighty (80) feet off the south end of being eighty (80) feet off the south end of thirty-seven and one-half (37%) feet off the west side of said lot four (4) heretofore conveyed to Louis Aldag by John S. Duncan, commissioner, by deed recorded in Town Lot Record of Deeds, No. 37, at page 178, of the records in the office of the recorder of Marion

third cash, balance in two equal installments, payable in nine (9) and eighteen (18) months, evidenced by rotes secured by mortgage on above real estate, subject to all liens.

JOSEPH B. KEALING, Executor of the last will and testament of Sarah C. Reams

CHURCH NOTICES.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH—Northeast corner New York and Pennsylvania streets.
The Rev. D. J. Ellison, pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 10:45 a. m.; subject, "Wayfarers." At 7:30 p. m., "A Strange Portrait." The ordinance of baptism will be administered. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., "Parents' Day." Young People's meeting. "Parents' Day." Young People's meeting, 6:30 p. m. Monday evening, inquiry meeting in the chapel. Thursday evening, prayer and covenant meeting. A cordial invitation is extended to all to attend the services of this church.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH-Corne North Delaware and Walnut streets Preaching by the pastor, John E. Pounds at 10:45 a. m., on "The Lord's Supper," and at 7:45 p. m., on "The Unpardonable Sin." Reception of the new members after morning service. One hundred and two have been added to the church since Jan 1. Baptism after the evening service. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Seats free.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-New York and Illi nois streets. G. A. Carstensen, rector. Holy communion, 7:30 and 8:45 a. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; litany, confirmation and sermon, 10:45 a. m.; evening prayer and sermon, 7:45 p. m. The bishop of the diocese will preach and administer confirmation at the midday service. The rec-

tor will preach in the evening. Harry Eastman, the boy soprano, will sing morning and evening. Methodist. CENTRAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPIS-COPAL CHURCH—Corner of Central avenue and Butler street. Sermon at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. Henry A. Buchtel, D. D.; class meeting at

mon to boys and gir's at 4 p. m. by the pastor; subject, "The Lord's Prayer," Epworth League, 6:30 p. m. Special revival services each evening next week, except Saturday at 7:30 o'clock. Strangers cor-

MERIDIAN - STREET M. E. CHURCH—
Corner New York. Preaching at 10:45 a. m.
and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor, Rev. C. N.
Sims, D. D. Evening subject, "The Church
and the Working People." Class meeting
and Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Christian
Endeavor, 6:30 p. m.; midweek prayer
meeting Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock.
All are cordially invited.

RORERTS PARK M. F. CHURCH. Corner ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-Corner ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-Corner Delaware and Vermont streets. Rev. T. I. Coultas, D. D., pastor. Class meeting at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. by the pastor. Morning subject, "Sabbath Observance." Evening subject, "Some Lessons from Paul Before Felix." Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Meeting for young converts and seekers at 7:30 p. m. Monday. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30.

New Church. NEW CHURCH CHAPEL (SWEDEN-BORGIAN) — 333 North Alabama street. Rev. W. L. Gladish, minister. Sunday services, 19:45 a. m., subject of sermon, "Christian Science: Does Its Healing Harmonize with the Bible?" Sunday school, 9:30 a. m.; usual class at Haughville Monday evening. Thursday evening meeting at pastor's home, 905 North Delaware street.

Presbyterian. FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Southwestern corner Pennsylvania and New western corner Pennsy. Vania and New York streets. The pastor, Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., will preach to-morrow at 19:45 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Evening subject, "The Beginning of the Gospel, or the Promise of Redemption." Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m.; Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m.; midweek prayer and conference meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially in-

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CRURCH-Cor-ner Vermont and Pennsylvania streets, Rev. Joseph A. Milburn, pastor; Rev. Edward Baech, associate pastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Young People's Society Christian Endeavor, 6.45 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:30. Mayer Chapel, corner of West and Catherine streets— Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting, Wednesday even-

ing, 7:30.

TABERNACLE CHURCH—Corner Meridian and Second streets. Rev. J. A. Rondthaler. D. D., pastor; Rev. W. B. Dunham, associate pastor. Preaching by the pastor at 10:30 a. m.; Sunday school, 2:15 p. m.; Y. P. S. C. E., 3:45 p. m. The associate pastor will conduct communion service, with short sermon, in Mount Jackson Chapel at 10:30 a. m., and will preach in West Washingington-street Chapel at 7:30 p. m.

MINISTERS OF INDIANAPOLIS AND VI-CINITY—The readjourned session of the called meeting of the ministers of Indianapolis and vicinity will meet at the Meridian-street M. E. Church, March 30, at 10 a. m., to consider further the question of the enforcement of the Sunday baseball law. Rev. D. R. Van Buskirk, chairman; Rev. H. J. Black, secretary. TO BE CONSOLIDATED

Friends invited. Burial private. ALL OF THE BRICE SYNDICATE LINES ZION-Annie Morris, wife of A. A. Zion, 7 a. m., Thursday. Funeral 1:30 p. m. Satur-day. March 28, from residence, 1094 North Meridian street. Friends invited. Burial TO BE IN ONE SYSTEM.

take and Rail Differential Cut in Two WRIGHT-Daisy, youngest daughter of Wm G. and Zerelda Wright, at 11 p. m., Thurs -Suggestion as to the 5,000 Interday, March 26, 1896, age twenty-five years, four months, fourteen days. Interment at Crown Hill, from family residence, 47 Draper street, Sunday, at 1:30 Funeral prichangeable Mileage Book.

There is authority of an official character for saying that within the next ninety days the Brice people propose to consolidate all WANTED-A 1 oil salesmen at once. In-close stamp. THE CONSUMERS' OIL their recent acquisitions in Ohio with the parent line, the Lake Erie & Western. The WANTED-Men who will work for \$75 consolidation will include the Cincinnati, month salary or large commission selling staple goods by sample to dealers. Ex-perience unnecessary. Write us. HOUSE-HOLD SPECIALTY CO., 77 W. Fourth Jackson & Mackinaw, the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus, the Lima Northern, the Northern Ohio (formerly the Cleveland, Akron & Columbus), the Cincinnati, Lebanon & WANTED—The Building and Loan Association of Tipton, Ia., wants five good men of experience to sell stock in Iowa. The right kind of men can get a valuable contract. Its agency terms exceptionally liberal. Write at once. Northern, and it is believed the Ohio Southern will also be one of the lines in the enlarged Lake Erie & Western system. This will enable the Brice people to considerably WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,560 prize offer and list of inventions wanted. cut down the operating expenses of the several roads, as they will all be placed under one general manager and general superintendent, traffic manager, general passenger agent and auditor.

> The Vermont Central Receivership. A railway official who has kept well informed of the movements of Charles Hayes, general manager of the Grand Trunk, and who first gave the information that he was to leave the Wabash to go to the Grand Trunk as its general manager, says it was then well understood that the Vermont Central was to go into the hands of a receiver, and that the outcome of the receivership would be the extending of the authority of Mr. Hays as general manager over that line, which is to all intents and purposes a part of the Grand Trunk system. A dispatch from Boston says: "Among the stories which have come out in connection with the receivership of the Central Vermont is the following, from Montreal: The Central Vermont has made arrangements with the Grand Trunk by which the former's trains may enter Montreal over the latter's tracks. The connection is de-cidedly valuable to the Canadian company, giving a direct route for heavy live stock shipments from Chicago to Boston. The Canadian Pacific sought to get part of this business by securing that part of the Cen-tral Vermont between St. Johns, Quebec and Boston, in order to shut out the Grand and Boston, in order to shut out the Grand Trunk. Negotiations had advanced so far that a switch line had been constructed between the Canadian Pacific and Central Vermont lines at Iverville, Quebec, near St. Johns, and a working agreement was looked on as probable, and it was stated further that the Canadian Pacific was prepared to guarantee to the Grand Trunk \$500,000 due the latter from the Central Vermont on which the receivership was obmont on which the receivership was obtained. General Manager Hays, of the Grand Trunk, found out what was going on. The proposed guarantee by the Canadian Pacific would not compensate for the loss of Boston connection, and hence the receivership, with himself as one of the receivers. It was an effective checkmate to ceivers. It was an effective checkmate to the Canadian Pacific plans. The Vermont Central remains a Grand Trunk line, the Chicago-Boston traffic is retained, and Messrs.
> Smith and Van Horne are defeated by the
> former manager of the Wabash, whom
> the Grand Trunk brought to Canada to resuscitate the road. It looks somewhat as if
> the Central Vermont henceforth will be
> managed from Montreal?

good condition. STURTEVANT'S, 68 South Grand Trunk Official Changes. The Grand Trunk road yesterday an lounced several changes in the position and jurisdiction of its general officers. The authority of General Manager George E. Reeves has been extended to cover all the oad as far west as Chicago. W. E. Davis,

formerly general passenger agent at Chi-cago, has been made general passenger and traffic agent at Montreal, and E. J. Hughes, formerly assistant general passenger agent at Chicago, has been given jurisdiction over all the territory west of the Detroit river. His title still remains assistant general passenger agent, however. Several other minor changes have been made.

The Indiana Central Subsidy. dispatch last night from Portland says: "On April 1 Union City votes on a subsidy of \$25,000 to the Indiana Central railroad. This road runs from Huntington to Union City, and traverses the Indiana oil field. So far \$170,000 has been voted by Portland, Montpelier, Warren and Huntington, and if voted at Union City and Salamonia construction will be commenced at once."

Personal, Local and General Notes. The gross earnings of the Chicago & Rock Island are showing a daily increase of about \$6,000 over March last year. Orders have been issued that the shops the Nickel-plate road run but five days

each week until further orders. The new tower of the Panhandle at Ingram, one of the most complete on the Panhandle system, will be completed this week. Three trains complete, just out of the shops after being generally repaired and repainted, have been placed in service on the

C. V. Lewis, who recently retired from the service of the Big Four, will on the first of next month, it is stated, take serv-ice with the Baltimore & Ohio. The Edgar Thomson steel works will next week begin on the rolling of 10,000 tons of steel rails for the Japanese government, the

rails to be sixty feet long and weigh fifty-six pounds to the yard. Train 20, on the Pennsylvania line, yester-day afternoon left for the East with every lower and upper berth of both the St. Louis and Indianapolis through sleeping car for New York occupied.

We have often heard it said that the United States protects Americans domiciled in a foreign country from injury, sending Harry Miller will, before May 1, be located at Terre Haute, with the title of general superintendent of the Vandalia lines. The title has never been abolished. fails to give protection to our own citizens at home against unjust or oppressive laws, or the unjust and violent destruction of their property or lives, or the denial of their political rights. This statement has a good deal of truth in it. But the explanation is that in the one case the Constitution and laws have given the power to the President to act; and have in the other, in

Robert Jones, the well-known detective of the New York Central, has been promoted to chief of the civil department of the road between New York and Buffalo, and will make Albany his headquarters. R. B. F. Peirce, receiver of the Toledo, St. Louis & Kansas City, who has been in Toledo most of the week, will spend Sun-cay in Chicago with his daughter and re-turn to Indianapolis on Monday.

William M. Ruth, formerly master mechanic of the shops of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, has accepted the position of chief constructing engineer of one of the largest bridge plants in the country, located at Mil-

The Wabash passenger department has got out a very neat vest pocket time table showing the changes of Sunday last, which are proving so unsatisfactory that some of the trains taken off will, it is said, be restored.

ident shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several States when called into the actual service of the United States." Undoubtedly he might assume the command in person—take the field and conduct military operations—but he has never done so and is not likely to do so. The other duties laid upon him make it practically impossible that he should do so, at least for any length of time. But he does command through others, and his order to any commanding officer would be imperative. Mr. Lincoln followed the movements of our armies during the civil war very closely, and often expressed, with rare good judgment, to the commanding officer, views as to the proper use of troops; but he did this in a suggestive rather than an imperative form. The chief train dispatchers of the several divisions of the Panhandie lines have been making a trip over the Southwestern system to ascertain the practicability and advantage which would result from an increase in the speed of the company's freight trains. An unusual shipment of lumber was made this week to Buffalo, N. Y. It was forwarded from New Orleans by barge to Cincinnati, and then loaded on thirty-three flat cars of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, which turned it over to the Lake Shore for Buffalo. mperative form.

Justice Miller, in his lectures on the Con-"How far President Lincoln actually inter-posed his own will and his own judgment in the conduct of the war will, perhaps, never be fully known, though it is well un-It is reported that the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton will, on May 1, take full control of the Indiana, Decatur & Western. derstood that on many important occasions, and in great emergencies, he enforced his judgment in many ways—mainly, however, in displacing commanders of large armies and appointing others, until success established his own confidence and the confidence of the people in a few great military lead-An I., D. & W. man said the employes had no reason to complain of the treatment given them by the Cincinnati, Hamilton &

Closer traffic relations are being arranged between the Louisville, New Albany & Chicago, the Indiana, Decatur & Western and the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton lines, which will increase the interchange of traffic, the most important item being that of hauling Redford stone

President the power to use military force in executing the laws, and in protecting the property of the United States and its officers in the discharge of their duties, there can be no doubt. It would not be appropriate here to discuss the various limitations impose, upon the power of the President to use a military force in enforcing the laws. The people are very properly jealous of the interference of the military in civil affairs, and will justify it only in cases of obvious necessity. This consideration, and the liability to impeachment for any improper use of his powers, will always make the use of the army, by the President, to keep the peace, a matter of last resort.

General Grant used to tell a story of a soldier in a certain regiment during the war who was continually bothering him by asking favors. Grant one day said to him: "Look here, I believe you are the most troublesome man in the Union army."

The man quickly replied, "Why, that's funny sir"

ing and St. Louis at 7:15 a. m. the third morning. The time between New York and St. Louis will be thirty hours quicker than any train now run in freight service and twenty-four hours quicker time between New York and Indianapolis.

The directors of the Wellston & Jackson railroad, electric and steam line combined, from McArthur Junction to Jackson, O., have formally transferred the same to the Columbus, Hocking Valley & Toledo railroad. A. D. Lutz, president, and Charles L. Currier, director, of Chicago, represented the construction company in making the transfer.

H. G. Stiles has just returned from a West-ern business trip, and says he noticed a great deal of corn in cribs and elevators, and was surprised that it was moving out so slowly. The country roads are in such condi-tion that but little corn is coming in to sta-tions, but he thinks when the roads are betso much grain will be coming in that it will force a heavier movement.

Frank Sweeney, for many years grand master of the Switchmen's National Union, died yesterday of consumption, at his home in Chicago. He was a strong advocate of unionism. When the switchmen's strike was on at Indianapolis he spent several days here, having his headquarters at the Spencer House. The strike at Indianapolis proved a failure, except in throwing out of good jobs about one hundred switchmen. The business men of Chicago are considerably exercised over the fact that the lake-and-rail differentials have been cut in two, and they fear Chicago will be the sufferer, and that it will drive business to the east-and-west lines south of that city. The old differentials were based on 5 cents per 100 pounds on grain products; now the lines interested have reduced it to 2½ cents, a rate which the lake line pool will maintain, as it is under the thumb of the Trunk-line Trust.

A report is current that William Garstang, superintendent of motive power of the Big Four, is to go with the Baltimore & Ohio. That he could have a position if he would accept it has been known for several days, but Mr. Garstang said to a Journal reporter that he was very well satisfied with his present position and had done much hard work to get the Big Four equipment up to its present excellent standard, and he felt like staying where he was. An unusually large number of outside freight and passenger officials were in the city yesterday on official business. Of the number were George T. Gunnip, of the Santa Fe; H. Bowser, of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas; George Bemis, of the Queen & Crescent; W. H. Connor, of the Southern Pacific; J. C. Beam, northwestern passenger agent of the Southern railway, and Norton G. Chandler, contracting freight agent of the Pennsylvania Company west of Pittsburg. An unusually large number of outside

Local ticket agents, including the Union Station ticket office, report a marked in-crease in sale of local tickets since the rules against using interchangeable mileage has been enforced. It is claimed that 33 per cent. more of the travel is paying full local rates, which makes a difference of 1 cent a mile. At all points along the lines where scalping offices are located,

are increasing. severed relations with it the Hutchison Southern has passed into the hands of a re-ceiver and the new officials have asked the lines of the Western Passenger Associa-tion to resume business relations with it once more, they agreeing that no more of the demoralizing tactics shall be used. The matter will be considered at the next meet-ing of the Western Passenger Association and the request of the road will, without doubt, be granted.

The locomotive laboratory at Purdue University has been given over during the past few days to the master mechanics' committee on slide valves. Tests have been conducted to determine the power necessary to move balanced and unbalanced valves. The work has been carried on by Mr. G. R. Henderson, chairmen of the committee, and Mr. derson, chairman of the committee, and Mr.
L. R. Pomeroy, member of the committee, assisted by the regular corps of laboratory attendants. Mr. H. G. Hammett, of the Richardson Slide Valve Company, and Mr. J. T. Wilson, of the American Balance Slide Valve Company, have been present, also Mr. F. W. Thomas, engineer of tests of the Norfolk & Western railway, and Mr. Angus Sinclair, secretary of the Master Mechanics'

A great many patrons of the Pennsylvania lines have for some time been laboring under the mistaken idea that mileage books pur chased previous to March 16 were not goo for transportation, and a large number of holders of such mileage have asked to have their books redeemed. In order to set the public right in this matter General Passenger Agent E. A. Ford has issued the follow-ing circular to agents and conductors: "The impression has got abroad that holders of impression has got abroad that holders of thousand-mile tickets purchased previous to March 16, 1896, are obliged to have them redeemed. Please advise owners of mileage tickets who present them for redemption that such is not the case, and that they are entitled to use them until the mileage strip is exhausted or the ticket has expired by limitation."

A local passenger official, who has been in service a quarter of a century, said yesterday that the interchangeable five-thousand-mile book, with signature and photograph of purchaser, could be handled to good advantage and to the satisfaction of all lines in the Central Passenger Committee territory through a commissioner, who should issue all books and all the lines interested issue all books, and all the lines interested make their accounting to him at the end of each month, the commissioner to make settlements. This would prohibit the weak lines in the territory from flooding the country with mileage books when it became necessary for them to make a showing in their passenger earnings. The commissioner would be able to tell at the close of the year the exact amount each book had been used, and when coupons were not presented for redemption to him at the expiration of the year, the amount that would accrue from unused coupons could be divided pro rata between the lines interested. The ticket brokers could not handle this book with any satisfaction, as it would be impossible for them to make any arrangement with general passenger agents by which the photograph could be changed and the book restamped to suit their con-

MYSTERIES OF THE LOUVRE. Walls That Are Believed to Hide the Bones of Murdered Men.

Every one who has "done" the Louvre will remember the low-pitched and somewhat gloomy halls in which are stored the treasures of Egypt. Beneath these lie yet more darkly mysterious vaults, inaccessible to the public, though approached by a wide and handsome staircase, such as would lead one to imagine that it communicated with apartments of some importance. Yet one finds at the bottom nothing but broad passages disposed in the form of a cross, and without any sign whatever of door or window.

A recent examination, however, of the solid stone walls gives experts reason to believe that the masonry is more recent than the rest of the structure in this, the oldest portion of the fortress palace. M. Vaugneux, a well-known critic, believed that many of the bodies of victims killed in the revolution of 1830 were immured here, and that the government was afraid to reveal the fact when the remains of their comrades were collected beneath the Colonne de Juillet.

On the other band. M Blondel, the architect of the building, and M. Normand, the secretary of the Society for Protecting Parisian Monuments, hold the opinion that these subterranean passages led to the oubliettes, into which Catherine de Medicis cast those who were unfortunate enough to cast those who were unfortunate enough to incur her hate or fear. A judicious exploration would clear up the matter, and settle, too, several doubtful points as to the foundations of Lescot's original citadel. Unfortunately, the annual grant does not provide for any such archaeological research, and it would be necessary to appeal for funds to the generosity of the Chamber.

An Indian Depredation.

Closer traffic relations are being arranged between the Louisville, New Afbany & Chicago, the Indiana, Decatur & Western and the Cincinnanti, Hamilton & Dayton lines, which will increase the interchange of traffic, the most important item being that of hauling Bedford stone.

The Chicago & Rock Island has agreed to advance freight rates from Des Moines and other Western points to St. Louis to preserve harmony with the other Chicago lines. The Rock Island has been carrying grain to St. Louis at tariff rates, but, for the sake of peace, will advance them.

The lines of the Central Traffic Committee have, for some time, been considering a proposal to postpone the new freight rates which, as published, were originally scheduled to go into effect on April 15. The plan has been voted down and the rates will go into effect on the day originally specified.

The meeting of the lines of the Central Passenger Committee and the trunk lines was continued, at Chicago, yesterday, and the docket was finally cleared at a late hour last evening. Nothing of public interest was done at the meeting, most of the matters that were considered, being of a routine nature.

The new fast freight from New York to St. Louis over the New York Central, the Lake Shore and Big Four lines leaves New York at 10:30 p. m. nighty, taking all freight in the higher classes delivered up to 5:20 p. m. of that day. The train reaches Indianapolis at 7:25 p. m. the second even-

SUNDAY-SCHOOL WORK

ELUCIDATION AND REVIEW OF IN-TERNATIONAL LESSON, MARCH 29.

Quarterly Review, Presenting Jesus in Many Important Aspects of His Character and Mission.

By REV. JAMES E. GILBERT, D. D., Secretary of the American Society of Re-ligious Education.

INTRODUCTION .- During the past three months our studies have been in the gospel carrative. The period covered is from 6 B. C. to 29 A. D., about thirty-five years. The essons have all been taken from a single book, bearing the name of its author. Luke is known as the beloved physician (Col. iv, 14), a proof that he must have been educated for the medical profession. Born outside of Judaism, It is claimed by Epiphanis that he was early converted to Christianity, probably part of the first fruits of missionary efforts among the Gentiles. He was the friend and companion of Paul (II Tim. iv, II), with whom there must have been much sympathy because of their literary tastes and a common interest in the westward spread of the His fellow-townsmen on the question of cospel. He had perfect understanding of all eyewitnesses. (Ch. i, 2, 3.) His record is therefore a compilation of facts accessible to others. The element of inspiration is not necessarily eliminated. Much of the Old as the Messiah. It was more than a year after His rejection at Nazareth. He had manner. The Holy Spirit prompted and guided the biblical writers in the selection we have considered. He had done this someguided the biblical writers in the selection and arrangement of material for the end

forerunner, and show in what honorable and appropriate manner He was introduced. One lesson, the second, is an account of His boyhood, or one circumstance of that boyhood. Three lessons, the fifth, seventh and eighth, exhibit His wonderful deeds. Four lessons, the sixth, tenth, eleventh and twelfth, contain extracts from His sermons, the outlining of great truths destined to be repeated through after centuries. Besides the introduction, the boyhood, the miracles and the teachings, we have two lessons, the fourth and ninth, that bear on the manner is which forerunner, and show in what honorable and He was received by men, rejected in one and confessed in the other. Under appropriate heads we shall endeavor to fix these points more firmly in the mind, as a review of what has already been studied, and to arrange the remembered that the life of Christ ime progress toward a foreseen goal he unfolding of a definite plan, the method attaining a divine purpose.

BAPTIST. — The great prophet who

BAPTIST. — The great prophet who opened the way for Christ was an imposing historical character. Without him everything pertaining to the gospel would have broken dewn for lack of prophetic fulfillment and suitable preparation. Our first lesson shows how John came, not as or a mission. (John i. 6, 7.) The angel's appearance and announcement to Zacharias, the devout priest and father, while engaged in official duties in the temple, was a momentous event, proclaiming the Baptist before birth in his exakted function. Heaven-born, heaven-called and heaven-announced was John. And his ministry at the Jordan was in keeping with this preannounced was John. And his ministry at the Jordan was in keeping with this predetermined purpose—so simple and earnest as to compel attention; so bold and pure as to win favor with the good and opposition from the wicked; so direct and evangelical as to require the coming one for its completion; so unselfish and brief that all his converts passed quickly over to Christ. All this is outlined in our third lesson, where the Master and the forerunner appear at the Master and the forerunner appear at excellent advantage. Did mortal ever occupy such exalted position as he who incupy such exalted position as he who in ducted the Lord to His place? (John i, 26.) BOYHOOD.—The second lesson of the quarter is a gem. It covers a single inciquarter is a gem. It covers a single incident in nearly thirty years of the Savior's life. On one side are ten years, on the other side eighteen years, all passed in Nazareth in silence. He came out of the home of His foster-father, Joseph, the carpenter, at twelve years of age, remaining a brief time, perhaps a week, and returning to its quiet and obscurity. He came obedient to the requirements of Jewish law to take His place as a son of the law, assuming vows at the national capital at the time of the great national festival. (Luke ii. 42.) of the great national festival. (Luke ii, 42.) temple, sat down with the scholars, the wisest men of the church, and there, by asking and answering questions, gave proof of His wisdom and astonished those who asking and answering questions, gave proof of His wisdom and astonished those who saw and heard. The search of the mother for her lost son reveals her ignorance of His nature, while His reply, so comprehensive and beautiful, shows that already He was conscious of His heavenly relation and of His high calling. Thus early appeared the secret of a life destined to be the light of the world. Afterward, yielding to parental authority, He retired to Nazareth, entered into obscurity, sanctified the home by His presence and grew into the full stature of a man. (Luke il, 52.) The boy Jesus was put under the limitations of other youth until the age of priestly service.

MIRACLES.—Every personality must be judged by its actions. (II Cor. xii, 12.) Deeds are the last and highest standard of measurement, because they reveal character and power. (Matt. vil, 16.) He who does nothing is nobody. He who does much good is greatly good. In the lessons of the quarter we have had four miracles of Jesus, three of them in Capernaum (Matt. xi, 23), and one just outside of Nain. The cure of the paralytic, let down through the roof by friends, the healing of the centurion's servant and the raising of the daughter of Jairus, were all in response to faith. The lifting up of the young man, the son of a Jairus, were all in response to faith. The lifting up of the young man, the son of a widow, was without regard to any one's state of mind, but a generous response to state of mind, but a generous response to the feeling of compassion. In two cases Jesus touched the person upon whom He wrought; in one case He spake (Gev. 1, 6); in the other instance He neither spoke nor touched, but, without even being present, He willed, and it was done. So subtle and incomprehensible was His power that neither they who witnessed nor the millions who in subsequent centuries have studied these narratives have been able to fathom the mystery of His doing. By these deeds He stands apart from other men, the wonder of all the ages. from other men, the wonder of all the ages.
(John iii, 2.)

TEACHINGS.—If the miracles of Christ show His power, His teachings display His wisdom. By the former He makes men know what He can do; by the latter He desires to make men know what He would have them be and do. A miracle effects a result immediately—a teaching seeks a result immediately—a teachings of Jesus in the last quarter pertain to five topics—goodness before service, doing after learning, true love to a neighbor, the method and ground of prayer, faithful and unfaithful service. These themes are all highly practical, as were most of the utterances of Jesus. He rarely indulged in abstractions or speculations. He came into the affairs of real life and spoke directly to meet the needs

of men. But there is required only a little reflection upon the foregoing subjects to discover that He discussed each and all with high ideals. His supreme desire was to make men good, then to adjust their relations, afterward to make them useful. He never conceived of man in isolation and idleness. He recognized three factors as indispensable in ceived of man in isolation and idleness. He recognized three factors as indispensable in building true character—the choice of the individual, the reception of truth, the influence of the Holy Spirit. His fundamental precepts were: Resolve, study, pray. But goodness was ever in order to service. He would have men do good to their neighbors and consecrate their powers to the glory of God.

REJECTED.—It was not to be expected that Jesus would find favor with all. Universal popularity would have been disastrous to Him and to His cause. (Luke vi. 26.) There were elements of His character that could be exhibited only under opposition, and there were parts of His work that could be accomplished only by sacrifice and suffering It is so with all who achieve great things Rev. vii, 14.) Moreover, the manner (Rev. vii, 14.) Moreover, the manner and place of antagonism signify much as indexed of the quality and mission of the person. The fourth lesson of this quarter shows how Jesus was rejected at Nazareth. It was by those among whom He had been raised, the friends of His early years. (Matt. xiii, 57.) It was on the Sabbath day, and in the synagogue. It was at the close of His sermon in which He had shown himself to be the Messiah, using a text with which they were familiar. This rejection proves that He laid claim to the exalted person foretold by the prophets, that He defended this claim by some line of argument which aroused their indigerightful title and place. He joins issue wit things pertaining to evangelical history, as he claims, but received his information from eventuresses. (Ch. i. 2. 3.) His record is

ter, the ninth, shows that Jesus was retimes for the good of the masses gather about Him, some of whom were their drawn to Him, but some of whom were GROUPING.—The twelve lessons of the quarter may be classed under five general heads, presenting Jesus in nearly every aspect of His character and mission. Two lessons, the first and the third, relate to His destined to be the founders of the coming forerunner, and show in what honorable and

the education of the twelve. quarter's lessons fixed in the mind, look now along the course of events, meditate on the are performed, watch the onward flowing stream toward the day for which all was preparing, listen to the sublime utterances that fell from the lips of the matchless Teacher, let the whole be colored by a sancdivided in the great day. (Matt. xxv, 33.)
The lessons of the quarter have shown us what Jesus was and what He would have men be and do. This is one side of the gos pel, a preliminary and inspiring side. There remains to be exhibited that obverse side of Christianity—how Jesus became a power adequate to make men what they ought to be. The what and the how complete the gospel. The latter part will be opened to us in next quarter's lessons. It is to be hoped that our students have surrendered their intellects to Him who has thus stood before their thoughts and that in future studies they will surren-der their hearts and their wills. (Rev. i, &)

"In Patience." I will not faint but trust in God Who this my lot hath given; The sad my day that lasts so long, At evening I shall have a song; Tho' dim my eyes until the night, At evening-time there shall be light. y life is but a working day Whose tasks are set aright; while to work, a while to pray, And then a quiet night,
And then, please God, a quiet night.
Where saints and angels walk in white,
One dreamless sleep from work and sore

But reawakening on the morrow." -Christina G. Rossetti. Pensions for Veterans. The applications of the following-named ndianains have been granted:

Original-Barnabus Busby, Kokomo; Chas. E. Harris, Swayzee; Michael Banks, Na-lional Military Home, Marion; Henry E. Sutton, Alexandria; Frank Lytle, Monti-Additional—John R. Powell, Cannelton; Eze-kiel Marquis, Cynthiana. Restoration and Reissue—James A. Wilson

Increase—William Harper, North Vernon; Isaac Miller, Pony; Anthony Werner, Tip-ton; Henry Krieger, Batesville; Barnet Chastain, Crystal; John Hetzel, Kendali-Reissue-Charles W. Burris, Connersville; Wm. M. Rodman, Brownstown; Thomas H. Melton, Washington; James E. Mitchell, In-Manapolis; Ithamar Spurlin, Shelbyville; Peter Mahin, Stampers Creek. Reissue and Increase—Harding M. Chewn-

Original Widows, etc.—Minors of Virneweal L. Parsons, North Salem and Raccoon; minors of Wm. W. Thomas, Oaklandon and Castleton; Caroline Rittenhouse, Marion.



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